

Printing date 26.02.2013

Version number 1

Revision: 26.02.2013

## **1 Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking**

- · Product identifier
- Trade name: WILAPLAT Hartglanzvergoldung rötlich-gelb cyanidh. 1g Au/l WILAPLAT hard bright gold plating bath redish yellow (making-up salt)
- **Article number:** 3100102203
- $\cdot$  Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
- No further relevant information available.
- $\cdot$  Application of the substance / the preparation <code>Galvanic</code> bath
- · Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
- Manufacturer/Supplier:
  Wieland Edelmetalle GmbH
  Schwenninger Str. 13
  75179 Pforzheim
  Telefon +49 (07231)-1393-0, Telefax +49 (07231)-1393-100
- **Further information obtainable from:** Wieland Edelmetalle GmbH www.wieland-edelmetalle.de msds@wieland-edelmetalle.de
- Emergency telephone number: GIZ-Nord, Göttingen, Germany +49 551 19240 Member of EPECS Network

## **2 Hazards identification**

## · Classification of the substance or mixture · Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 GHS06 skull and crossbones Acute Tox. 2 H300 Fatal if swallowed. Acute Tox. 1 H310 Fatal in contact with skin. Acute Tox. 2 H330 Fatal if inhaled. GHS08 health hazard Resp. Sens. 1 H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. Carc. 1B H350 May cause cancer. GHS05 corrosion Eye Dam. 1 H318 Causes serious eye damage. GHS09 environment Aquatic Acute 1 H400 Very toxic to aquatic life. Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. GHS07 (Contd. on page 2)



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		(Contd. of page 1)
Skin Irrit. 2		
Skin Sens.		allergic skin reaction.
		67/548/EEC or Directive 1999/45/EC
<b>T+; V</b>	ery toxic	
R26/27/28:	Very toxic by inhalation,	in contact with skin and if swallowed.
T; Toz	xic	
R49:	May cause cancer by inha	alation.
Xn; Se	ensitising	
R42/43:	May cause sensitisation b	y inhalation and skin contact.
🗙 Xi; Irr	ritant	
R36/38:	Irritating to eyes and skir	L.
N; Da	ngerous for the environment	t
R50/53:	Very toxic to aquatic environment.	organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic
preparations • Classificati The classifi data. • Label elem • Labelling a	s of the EU" in the latest val on system: cation is according to the latest ents according to Regulation (E t is classified and labelled ac	atest editions of the EU-lists, and extended by company and literature
	GHS06 GHS08 GHS09	9
· Signal wor	d Danger	
potassium c potassium d Kaliumtetra copper cyar · <b>Hazard sta</b>	icyanoaurate cyanonickelat(II) iide <b>tements</b>	
	0+H330+EUH029+EUH032	2 Fatal if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled. Contact with water liberates toxic gas. Contact with acids liberates very toxic gas.
H315 H318		Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage.
H334		May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if
H317		inhaled. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H350		May cause cancer.
H410		Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. (Contd. on page 3)



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D	
<ul> <li>Precautionary st</li> </ul>	catements
P301+P310	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
P305+P351+P33	8 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if
	present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
P320	Specific treatment is urgent (see on this label).
P361	Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.
P405	Store locked up.
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international
	regulations.
· Other hazards	

## · Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

• **PBT:** Not applicable.

• **vPvB:** Not applicable.

#### **3** Composition/information on ingredients

#### · Chemical characterization: Mixtures

· Description: Mixture of substances listed below with nonhazardous additions.

#### · Dangerous components:

CAS: 7778-53-2	Kaliumphosphat	50-100%
	Xi R36/38	
	😯 Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2, H319	
CAS: 151-50-8	potassium cyanide	10-25%
EINECS: 205-792-3	₩ T+ R26/27/28;	
	Acute Tox. 2, H300; Acute Tox. 1, H310; Acute Tox. 2, H330; Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	
CAS: 13967-50-5	potassium dicyanoaurate	5-10%
EINECS: 237-748-4	₩ T+ R26/27/28; Xi R38-41; Zi R50/53 R32	
	<ul> <li>Acute Tox. 2, H300; Acute Tox. 1, H310; Acute Tox. 2, H330;</li> <li>Met. Corr.1, H290; Eye Dam. 1, H318;</li> <li>Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic</li> </ul>	
	Chronic 1, H410; () Skin Irrit. 2, H315	
CAS: 14220-17-8	Kaliumtetracyanonickelat(II)	1-5%
	☑ T R49; ✗ Xn R22; ✗ Xn R42/43 R15/29	
	<ul> <li>♦ Water-react. 1, H260; </li> <li>♦ Acute Tox. 3, H301; </li> <li>♦ Resp. Sens. 1, H334; Carc. 1B, H350; </li> <li>♦ Skin Sens. 1, H317</li> </ul>	
CAS: 544-92-3	copper cyanide	$\leq 1\%$
EINECS: 208-883-6	₩ T+ R26/27/28; ₩ N R50/53 R32	
	Acute Tox. 2, H300; Acute Tox. 1, H310; Acute Tox. 2, H330; Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	

Additional information: For the wording of the listed risk phrases refer to section 16.

## **4 First aid measures**

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#### · Description of first aid measures

· General information:

Immediately remove any clothing soiled by the product.

Remove breathing equipment only after contaminated clothing have been completely removed.

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· After inhalation: Supply fresh air. If required, provide artificial respiration. Keep patient warm. Consult doctor if symptoms persist. Do not use mouth to mouth or mouth to nose resuscitation. Use a respiratory bag or breathing device. · After skin contact: If skin irritation continues, consult a doctor. Immediately wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly. · After eye contact: Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. If symptoms persist, consult a doctor. · After swallowing: Rinse out mouth and then drink plenty of water. Do not induce vomiting; call for medical help immediately. · Information for doctor: · Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed Nausea Unconsciousness Breathing difficulty · Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed No further relevant information available.

## **5** Firefighting measures

- · Extinguishing media
- Suitable extinguishing agents: Use fire extinguishing methods suitable to surrounding conditions.
- · For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents: Water with full jet
- · Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture Hydrogen cyanide (HCN)
- · Advice for firefighters
- Protective equipment: Wear self-contained respiratory protective device.

## **6 Accidental release measures**

• Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Avoid formation of dust.

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.

 $\cdot$  Environmental precautions:

Inform respective authorities in case of seepage into water course or sewage system. Do not allow to enter sewers/ surface or ground water.

- Methods and material for containment and cleaning up: Dispose contaminated material as waste according to item 13.
   Ensure adequate ventilation.
   Do not flush with water or aqueous cleansing agents
- Reference to other sections See Section 13 for disposal information.

## 7 Handling and storage

- · Handling:
- · Precautions for safe handling
- Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace.
- Open and handle receptacle with care.
- Information about fire and explosion protection: Keep respiratory protective device available.

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#### · Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- · Storage:
- Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles: Store only in the original receptacle.
- Information about storage in one common storage facility: Do not store together with acids.
- · Further information about storage conditions:
- Store under lock and key and with access restricted to technical experts or their assistants only.
- Keep receptacle tightly sealed.
- Storage class: 6.1 B
- · Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

#### **8 Exposure controls/personal protection**

- Additional information about design of technical facilities: No further data; see item 7.
- · Control parameters

· Ingredients with limit values that require monitoring at the	e workplace:

151-50-8 potassium cyanide

WEL Long-term value: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

as CN; Sk

## 13967-50-5 potassium dicyanoaurate

WEL Long-term value: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

as CN; Sk

## 544-92-3 copper cyanide

WEL Long-term value: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> as CN; Sk

#### · DNELs

#### 13967-50-5 potassium dicyanoaurate

Oral	DNEL(Com.)longterm	0.05 mg/kg (-) (CN)
	DNEL(Comm.)akut	4.5 mg/kg (-) (CN)
	DNEL(Indust.)longt.	0.05 mg/kg (-) (CN)
	DNEL(Industrie) akut	4.5 mg/kg (-) (CN)

#### · PNECs

#### 13967-50-5 potassium dicyanoaurate

PNEC (Commercial) 0.03 µg/l (H2O) (CN)

PNEC (Industrie)  $0.03 \mu g/l$  (H2O) (CN)

• Additional information: The lists valid during the making were used as basis.

- · Exposure controls
- · Personal protective equipment:

· General protective and hygienic measures:

Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed.

Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.

Store protective clothing separately.

Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.

### · Respiratory protection:

In case of brief exposure or low pollution use respiratory filter device. In case of intensive or longer exposure use self-contained respiratory protective device.

Short term filter device:

Filter P3

Filter P2

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· Protection of hands:



Protective gloves

#### Material of gloves

Chloroprene rubber, CR Nitrile rubber, NBR Butyl rubber, BR Natural rubber, NR Fluorocarbon rubber (Viton)

#### Penetration time of glove material

The determined penetration times according to EN 374 part III are not performed under practical conditions. Therefore a maximum wearing time, which corresponds to 50% of the penetration time, is recommended. The exact break trough time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.

#### $\cdot$ Not suitable are gloves made of the following materials:

Leather gloves Strong material gloves • Eye protection:



Tightly sealed goggles

· Body protection: Protective work clothing

	Information on basic physical and chemical properties		
General Information			
Appearance:			
Form:	Solid		
Colour:	Whitish		
Odour:	Characteristic		
pH-value at 20 °C:	≥10		
Change in condition Melting point/Melting range Boiling point/Boiling range:			
Flash point:	Not applicable.		
Self-igniting:	Product is not selfigniting.		
Danger of explosion:	Product does not present an explosion hazard.		
Density at 20 °C:	750 kg/m3		
Solubility in / Miscibility with	ca. 220 g/l		
water at 20 °C:	6		
water at 20 °C:	0.0 %		



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· Other information

No further relevant information available.

## **10 Stability and reactivity**

- · Reactivity
- · Chemical stability
- Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided: No decomposition if used according to specifications.
- · Possibility of hazardous reactions Contact with acids releases toxic gases.
- · Conditions to avoid No further relevant information available.
- · Incompatible materials: No further relevant information available.
- Hazardous decomposition products: Hydrogen cyanide (prussic acid)

## **11 Toxicological information**

· Information on toxicological effects

· Acute toxicity:

## • LD/LC50 values relevant for classification:

151-50-8 potassium cyanide		
Oral	LD50	5 mg/kg (rat)
	LDLO	2.86 mg/kg (human) (RTECS)
13967-50-5 potassium dicyanoaurate		
Oral	LD50	29 mg/kg (rat)
Dermal	LD50	100 mg/kg (human) (CN)
Inhalative	LC50	524 mg/kg (10min) (human) (HCN)
14220-17-8 Kaliumtetracyanonickelat(II)		
Oral	LD50	275 mg/kg (mus)
544-92-3 copper cyanide		
Oral	LD50	126 mg/kg (rat)
· Primary irritant effect:		
$\cdot$ on the ski	<b>n:</b> Irrita	nt to skin and mucous membranes.
$\cdot$ on the eye	e: Irritati	ing effect.
<ul> <li>Sensitizat</li> </ul>	ion:	
Sensitization possible through inhalation.		

Sensitization possible through inhalation.

- Sensitization possible through skin contact.
- $\cdot$  Additional toxicological information:

The product shows the following dangers according to the calculation method of the General EU Classification Guidelines for Preparations as issued in the latest version:

Harmful

Irritant

Very toxic

Danger through skin adsorption.

Carcinogenic if inhaled.

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Toxic	ity
-	tic toxicity:
	0-8 potassium cyanide
EC50	2 mg/l (48h) (Daphnia magna (water flea))
	1.8-1.9 mg/l (72h) (Eutosiphon sulcatum) (CN)
IC50	0.03 mg/l (8d) (Sc.quadricauda)
LC50	0.45 mg/l (96h) (Lepomis macrochirus (bluegrill))
13967	-50-5 potassium dicyanoaurate
EC50	0.041 mg/l (48h) (Daphnia magna (water flea)) (CN)
	1.8 mg/l (72h) (Eutosiphon sulcatum) (CN)
IC50	0.03 mg/l (8d) (Sc.quadricauda) (CN)
LC50	0.12 mg/l (96h) (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)) (CN)
	0.083 mg/l (96h) (Lepomis macrochirus (bluegrill)) (CN)
	0.057 mg/l (96h) (Onchorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)) (CN)
Persis	tence and degradability No further relevant information available.
Gener Also p Toxic Water Do no Dange Result PBT: vPvB:	<ul> <li>ional ecological information:</li> <li>ral notes:</li> <li>poisonous for fish and plankton in water bodies.</li> <li>for aquatic organisms</li> <li>danger class 3 (German Regulation) (Self-assessment): extremely hazardous for water</li> <li>t allow product to reach ground water, water course or sewage system, even in small quantities.</li> <li>or to drinking water if even extremely small quantities leak into the ground.</li> <li>ts of PBT and vPvB assessment</li> <li>Not applicable.</li> <li>Not applicable.</li> <li>adverse effects No further relevant information available.</li> </ul>
Disp	osal considerations
Recon Must b	e <b>treatment methods</b> <b>nmendation</b> be specially treated adhering to official regulations. ct manufacturer for recycling information.
<b>Recon</b> Empty Packag	aned packaging: mmendation: contaminated packagings thoroughly. They may be recycled after thorough and proper cleaning. gings that may not be cleansed are to be disposed of in the same manner as the product. mmended cleansing agents: Water, if necessary together with cleansing agents.

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Transport information	
UN-Number ADR, IMDG, IATA	UN1588
UN proper shipping name ADR	1588 CYANIDES, INORGANIC, SOLID, N.O. (POTASSIUM CYANIDE, potassium dicyanoaurate)
IMDG	CYANIDES, INORGANIC, SOLID, N.O.S. (POTASSIU CYANIDE, potassium dicyanoaurate), MARIN POLLUTANT
ΙΑΤΑ	CYANIDES, INORGANIC, SOLID, N.O.S. (POTASSIU CYANIDE, potassium dicyanoaurate)
Transport hazard class(es)	
ADR	
Class	6.1 (T5) Toxic substances.
Label IMDG	6.1
Class	6.1 Toxic substances.
Label	6.1
Class Label	6.1 Toxic substances. 6.1
	0.1
Packing group ADR, IMDG, IATA	II
Environmental hazards:	
Marine pollutant:	Yes
-	Symbol (fish and tree)
Special marking (ADR):	Symbol (fish and tree)
Special precautions for user	Warning: Toxic substances.
Danger code (Kemler): EMS Number:	60 F-A,S-A
Segregation groups	Cyanides
Transport in bulk according to Annex I MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code	II of Not applicable.
Transport/Additional information:	
ADR Limited quantities (LQ)	500 g
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• Transport category • Tunnel restriction code	2 D/E
· I unnel Testi Iction code	
· UN "Model Regulation":	UN1588, CYANIDES, INORGANIC, SOLID, N.O.S., 6.1, II

## **15 Regulatory information**

· Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

· National regulations:

• Waterhazard class: Water danger class 3 (Self-assessment): extremely hazardous for water.

• Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

### **16 Other information**

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

#### · Relevant phrases

- H260 In contact with water releases flammable gases which may ignite spontaneously.
- H290 May be corrosive to metals.
- H300 Fatal if swallowed.
- H301 Toxic if swallowed.
- H310 Fatal in contact with skin.
- H315 Causes skin irritation.
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H318 Causes serious eye damage.
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
- H330 Fatal if inhaled.
- H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
- H350 May cause cancer.
- H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
- H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
- R15/29 Contact with water liberates toxic, extremely flammable gas.
- R22 Harmful if swallowed.
- R26/27/28 Very toxic by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed.
- R32 Contact with acids liberates very toxic gas.
- R36/38 Irritating to eyes and skin.
- R38 Irritating to skin.
- R41 Risk of serious damage to eyes.
- R42/43 May cause sensitisation by inhalation and skin contact.
- R49 May cause cancer by inhalation.
- R50/53 Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

#### · Contact: Herr Marcus Müller

· Abbreviations and acronyms:

RID: Règlement international concernant le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de fer (Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail)

IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulations by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA)

- ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization
- ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO)
- ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
- IATA: International Air Transport Association
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (REACH)
- PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (REACH)

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GE

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent

LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent • \* Data compared to the previous version altered.